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OMB APPROVAL OME # 3235-0123 Expires May 31, 1987 11/

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder SEC FILE NO.

45490 8-

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD B	EGINNING 06/01/0		ND ENDING 05/3	31/06 MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRA	NT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:				Official Use Only
Bodington & Company (a California corporation)		g was one day		
	ng ang (a cararo	riira oorp		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PL. (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	ACE OF BUSINESS:			
50 California	Street, Suite 6	30		
	(No. and St	reet)		
San Francisco,	California 94	111		
(City)	(Sta	te)		(Zip Code)
Jeffrey C. Bod	B. ACCOUNTA	NT IDENTIFICA	Area Code —— Telepi	391-3280
(Name if individual, state la Kinkade, Steph	•			
100 Palm Avenu	e, San Rafael,	CA 94901		
(ADDRESS)	(Cit	у)	(State)	(Zip Code)
Public	ied Public Accountant : Accountant untant not resident in Unit	ted States or any	う	PROCESSED SEP 2 2 2006 THOMSON FINANCIAL
	FOR OFF	ICIAL USE ONLY		
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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption.

See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Jeffrey Bodington, swear (or affirm) that, to the of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Bodington I Company, as of May 31, 2006, ps., are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
	any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of stomer, except as follows:
<u>/</u>	Sae below Notary Public See Delow
	report** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). Operations (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Cash Flows (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**}	SIAIE OF CALIFORNIA).s.s. COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO).s.s. COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO).s.s. OS BERGHED'S & SOUNTION FROM OF CERTAIN PROGRAM of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3). JEFFREY CHARLES BODINGTON PROVED TO ME ON THE BASIS OF SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE TO BE THE PERSON WHO APPEARED BEFORE ME. NOTARY PUBLIC:
	HING TCHEN Z COMM. # 1643303 Q OOM STANDARD COMMIN TO CO

STEPHEN R. KINKADE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 100 PALM AVENUE SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA 94901

> (415) 453-4132 TEL (415) 453-8509 FAX

Report of Independent Public Accountant

Bodington & Company (a California corporation):

I have audited the statement of financial condition of Bodington & Company (a California corporation) as of May 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations and changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year ended May 31, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bodington & Company as of May 31, 2006, and the results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My examination has been made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements, taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

August 28, 2006

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BODINGTON & COMPANY (a California corporation) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION MAY 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash Receivable from clients Securities owned, at market (cost \$3,300) Furniture and equipmentat cost, less	\$ 43,294 51,431 9,132
accumulated depreciation of \$29,993 Prepaid expense Receivable from officer	9,013 1,731 142
TOTAL	\$114,743 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Accounts payable Income taxes payablecurrent (Note 5) Income taxes payabledeferred (Note 5)	\$ 7,486 1,962 10,889
Stockholder's equity (Note 3) Paid-in capital \$ 45,000 Retained earnings 49,406	
Total stockholder's equity	94,406
TOTAL	\$114,743

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BODINGTON & COMPANY (a California corporation) STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2006

REVENUE

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Advisory Consulting and litigation support Market gain (loss) on securities owned Other	\$149,632 260,572 3,984 4,100
Total	418,288
EXPENSES	
Compensation and benefits Regulatory Other	286,280 6,193 110,881
Total	403,354
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME	14,934
PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME State franchise tax Federal income tax	900 2,614
NET INCOME	\$ 11,420

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2006

BALANCE, May 31,	2005	\$ 82,986
Net income		11,420
BALANCE, May 31,	2006	\$ 94,406
		=======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

BODINGTON & COMPANY (a California corporation) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: Items charged (credited) to operations not requiring cash: Depreciation \$2,111 Allowance for doubtful accounts (8,115) Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease in receivable from clients 13,908 Increase in accounts payable 6,896 Increase in income taxes payable 2,614 Increase in value of securities owned (3,984)	\$ 11,420
Decrease in payable to officer (2,290) Increase in receivable from officer (142) Decrease in prepaid expenses 112	
Net adjustments	11,110
Net cash from operating activities	22,530
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(3,526)
Net increase in cash	19,004
Cash at May 31, 2005	24,290
Cash at May 31, 2006	\$43,294

The sum of \$900 was paid for income taxes during the year ended May 31, 2006. No interest was paid during this period.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BODINGTON & COMPANY (a California corporation) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAY 31, 2006

1. Organization and Broker-Dealer Registration

The Company was incorporated July 26, 1996, in the state of California. The Company's primary business is the rendering of management consulting services in the area of mergers and acquisitions, with a particular specialty in assisting clients in the United States with the financing, sale, and ownership restructuring of power-generation facilities. The Company was approved by the National Association of Securities Dealers effective November 29, 1996 to succeed to and continue the business of a proprietorship of the same name which had been in business since January, 1990, and registered as a broker-dealer in securities since 1993.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Consulting fees are recorded as the related services are rendered and invoiced. Agency transactions in securities are recorded on the settlement date. Furniture and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over five years.

3. Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Company is required to maintain both minimum net capital, as defined, and a maximum "net capital ratio", as defined. The values of these defined operating parameters may vary materially from day to day. At May 31, 2006, the Company's net capital was \$41,608, which amount is \$36,608 in excess of the required net capital. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15.00 to 1. At May 31, 2006, the Company's net capital ratio was 0.23 to 1.

4. Contractual Commitments

The Company occupies office space leased personally by its sole stockholder. The Company intends to pay all lease payments on that space. Rent expense for the period ended May 31, 2006 was \$14,563.

5. Taxes on Income

The Company has elected to pay taxes on the cash basis of accounting. Deferred taxes arise due to timing differences between the accrual and cash bases of accounting. Income taxes payable at May 31, 2006 consist of the following:

	Current	Deferred	Total
California Federal	\$ 0 1,962	\$ 4,038 6,851	\$ 4,038 8,813
Total	\$1,962	\$10,889	\$12,851

Substantially all deferred taxes arise due to the cash basis deferral of uncollected fees. In the computation of net capital (Note 3), the corresponding net receivables from clients (\$51,431) are disallowed, but the deferred taxes (\$10,889) related to the disallowed receivables are added back to stockholder's equity.

	FOCUS REPORT Computation of			of 05/31/06
Firm	Name: Bodington & Company			ID: 031353
1 2	Total ownership equity Deduct o/e not allowable for n	ot annital		94,406
3 4	Total o/e qualified for net car Add:			94,406
A B	Allowable subordinated liabili Other deductions or credits Description Deferred income taxes	A	mount .0,889	10.000
				10,889
5 6 A B	Total cap & allowable subloans Deductions &/or charges Total non-allowable assets Secured demand note deficiency		2,317	105,295
C D	Cap chrgs for spot & commodity Other deduction &/or charges			- 62,317
7	Other additions &/or allowable Description		mount	02,017
8 9 A B C 1 2 3 4	Net capital before haircuts Haircuts on securities: Contractual commitments Subordinated debt Trading and investment sec: Exempted securities Debt securities Options Other securities	1.	370	42,978
D E	Undue concentration Other Description		Amount	-1,370
10	Net Capital			41,608

Firm	FOCUS REPORT - PART IIA As Computation Of Basic Net Capital Requireme Name: Bodington & Company Firm	nt
11	Aggregate Indebtedness)	630
12	Minimum Dollar Requirement	5,000
13	Net Cap reqmt (greater of line 11 or 12)	5,000
14	Excess net capital	36,608
15	Exc net cap @ 1000% (net cap - 10% of AI)	40,663
Comp	utation of Aggregate Indebtedness	
16	Total AI liab from Balance Sheet	9,448
	Add: Drafts for immediate credit	
В	Mkt val of sec borrowed where no equiv value is paid or credited	
C	Other unrecorded amounts	
	Description Amount	
19 20	Total Aggregate Indebtedness Ratio of AI/NC	9,448 23
21	Percentage of debt to debt equity	23

BODINGTON & COMPANY COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER-DEALERS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 MAY 31, 2006

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i).

INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 MAY 31, 2006

Not applicable.

SCHEDULE III

BODINGTON & COMPANY RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL MAY 31, 2006

Per original filing	\$25,006
Audit adjustments: To correct ownership equity To add back deferred taxes To correct nonallowable assets To correct haircuts	15,254 10,889 (9,789) 248
Per this filing	\$41,608 ======

STEPHEN R. KINKADE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 100 PALM AVENUE SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA 94901

> (415) 883-9350 TEL (415) 883-9358 FAX

Report of Independent Public Accountant

Bodington & Company (a California corporation):

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Bodington & Company for the period ended May 31, 2006, I considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not maintain customer security accounts and does not handle customer securities, I did not make a study of any practices or procedures followed by the Company (i) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisions, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or (ii) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, or (iii) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of a system and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which

the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and are recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal accounting control procedures or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted the following matters involving the control procedures and their operation that I consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures to be performed in my audit of the financial statements of Bodington & Company for the period ended May 31, 2006, and this report does not affect my report thereon dated August 28, 2006. Weaknesses noted include the following:

- (1) The Company failed to periodically update its accrued liabilities, and failed to properly classify its credit card disbursements. These failures resulted in inaccuracies in the Company's net capital computations. The Company should improve its reporting of assets, liabilities and account classifications as required by generally accepted accounting principles and SEC rule 17a-5.
- (2) The Company failed to maintain sufficient documentation of certain credit card expenditures, relying too heavily on credit card monthly statements as documentation. Additional documentation should be maintained to ensure full tax deductibility of such expenditures.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not

accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at May 31, 2006, to meet the Commission's objectives, except as noted in item (1) above.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies and should not be used for any other purpose.

August 28, 2006